# Obesity In Your Pet

A vital factor in pet health









Obesity is a huge concern for our pets health. Without learning and understanding weight management in our pets we are leaving them at risk to many health consequences and potentially a shorter life span. Unfortunately, obesity is on the rise. It us up to pet owners and their veterinarian to manage this pet health epidemic.

## **Classifying Obesity**

When your pet is seen by the veterinarian they will often give your pet a body condition score (BCS). This is based off of the feel of your pet. Charts are available to help vets and owners decide on a score. Scores are out of 9 points.

- 1-3 are considered too thin
- 4-5 are idea
- 6-9 is overweight Obese





Image Courtesy of PDSA - The People's Dispensary for Sick Animals.



### Tips for body condition scoring at home.

- 4-5: Lay your hand flat and feel with your other hand along your knuckles.
- **6-9:** feel the knuckles of your hand from the palm side. The excess tissue makes the knuckles harder to feel.
- 1-3: make a fist and feel the knuckles on the back of your hand. They are easy to feel.

Compare these to your dogs ribs to get a basic idea of your dogs BCS.

## **How Common is Obesity?**

Statistics estimate that 59.5% of cats and 55.8% of dogs are overweight to obese (BCS 6-9) in the USA in 2018. Numbers are thought to be similar in Canada.



## **Consequences of Obesity**

There are many serious consequences to an overweight pet. Pets who are overweight can live a much shorter life span but can also be at a higher risk of developing many diseases during their life which can be costly for owners and decrease a pets quality of life.

Obesity is the #1 Health Threat Pets Face











metabolic disease



kidney disease



skin disease

## **Managing Obesity**

Overweight pets are often a result of overfeeding or lack of exercise.

- Speak with your vet to make sure your pet is getting the right amount of calories
- Use a measuring cup to make sure you are feeding the right amount of food
- Avoid feeding excess treats not accounted for in total daily calorie intake
- Add more walks or play to the daily schedule for your dog
- Consider different types of exercise (swimming, hiking, etc.)

